NORTHERN VIRGINIA TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY



Project Description Form — 8N

Basic Project Information

- 1. Submitting Agency:
 Virginia Railway Express (VRE)
- **2. Project Title:** VRE Rippon Station Expansion and Second Platform
- 3. Project Type:

,	, I		
Roadw	ay 🗆	Multimodal	Transit

- 4. **Project Description/Scope:** This project includes NEPA, design and construction of a 650 foot second platform and extension of the existing platform at the VRE Rippon station in Prince William County to accommodate trains up to 8 cars in length.
- **5.** Route (if applicable)/Corridor: I-95 / I-395 / US 1 / Corridor 8
- **6. Total Project Cost:** \$10,900,000
- **7. Total Funds Required:** \$10,900,000
- 8. Phase/s of Project Covered by
 Funding: NEPA/design and construction.
 The requested funding expedites the delivery of

the project.



- 9. Project Milestones (by phase, include all phases):
 - Design Start: FY 2014
- 10. In TransAction 2040 plan?

o

Technical Report Page # 4 – 40

- 11. In CLRP, TIP or Air Quality Neutral? No.
- 12. Leverages Sources:

Local	State	Federa

Other (please explain)

Opportunities to leverage state and federal funds will be explored.

PROJECT ANALYSIS						
Tier I ☑ Pass ☐ Fail	Tier III Congestion Reduction Relative to Cost:					
Tier II 4 out of 8 points	Plan ☐ CLRP ☑ TA2040 only	Rating High Med Low				

Stated Benefits

of the project. The project will modify the VRE station to lengthen the existing platform and add a second platform that will enable it to service longer trains with higher passenger loads from either side of the railroad right-of-way (ROW). The Rippon second platform is part of the overall VRE plan to expand Fredericksburg Line station capacity to be able to serve as many stations as possible from either side of the railroad ROW which expands VRE operational flexibility and supports the maintenance of on-time performance (OTP). Second platforms are already in place on the Fredericksburg Line at Alexandria, Franconia-Springfield and Woodbridge. Maintaining high levels of OTP and service predictability are crucial to sustain and grow commuter rail ridership and retain VRE as a viable regional travel option.

The station serves the VRE Fredericksburg Line and is the origin location for approximately 11% of Fredericksburg Line riders or 565 persons (1,130 trips), virtually all who reside in Prince William County. About 42% of those riders are traveling to VRE northern Virginia destination stations in Fairfax County, the City of Alexandria and Arlington County. The project will benefit riders from all VRE Fredericksburg Line member jurisdictions, including jurisdictions beyond the NVTA boundaries.

- 2. How does the project reduce congestion? VRE helps reduce regional congestion by providing an alternative commuting mode to the single occupancy vehicle. Two VRE trains in an hour carry the equivalent capacity as one lane of traffic on I-95/I-395. By supporting expansion of VRE capacity in the region, the project expands the capacity of the I-95/I-395/US 1 travel corridor and contributes to the reduction of regional congestion.
- **3.** How does the project increase capacity? (Mass transit projects only) The project will increase platform/boarding capacity at the station. It also expands operational capacity for VRE and freight trains within the overall regional CSX rail corridor when combined with the dual platform capacity at Alexandria, Franconia-Springfield, Woodbridge and the planned second platform at the Lorton station.
- **4.** How does the project improve auto and pedestrian safety? Commuter Rail is one of the safest modes of travel. Automobile and pedestrian safety is improved in the region by directly moving commuters and their vehicles from freeway system (one of the most dangerous) and other regional roads to commuter rail (one of the safest ways to commute). At the station level, the second platform and associated grade-separated pedestrian bridge improve pedestrian safety by providing a safe pathway and landing for pedestrians to utilize both tracks.
- 5. List internet address/link to any additional information or documentation in support of project benefits. (Optional) The VRE annual Master Agreement survey documents VRE ridership characteristics including the number of riders destined for each station and riders origin jurisdiction. Survey results are available from VRE.
- 6. Project Picture/Illustratives N/A